

Iberis sempervirens subsp. *pseudosaxatilis*

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.19**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Sclerophyllous**

Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Evergreen**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **2.47**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Acidic**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.3**

Moisture indicator value: **4**

Nutrient indicator value: **2.7**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.78**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.36**

Disturbance severity: **0.38**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.28**

Mowing frequency: **0.05**

Grazing pressure: **0.27**

Soil disturbance: **0.09**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [FP \(ONO\) Festuco hystricis-Ononidetea striatae](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [T39 Mediterranean and Balkan subalpine Pinus heldreichii-Pinus peuce forest](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [T39 Mediterranean and Balkan subalpine Pinus heldreichii-Pinus peuce forest](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal cliff, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**