Helianthemum violaceum subsp. *subobtusatum*

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.2**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**
Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **9**
Temperature indicator value: **8**
Moisture indicator value: **3**
Reaction indicator value: **7**
Nutrient indicator value: **2**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.88**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.59**
Disturbance severity: **0.56**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.33**
Mowing frequency: **0.16**
Grazing pressure: **0.4**
Soil disturbance: **0.21**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **FB (ROS) *Ononido-Rosmarinetea***

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **S61 Western basiphilous garrigue**, **S65 Mediterranean gypsum scrub**

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **S61 Western basiphilous garrigue**, **S65 Mediterranean gypsum scrub**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz