

Willemetia stipitata

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.31**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **June-August**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.54**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Wet**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.8**

Temperature indicator value: **3.4**

Moisture indicator value: **8.2**

Reaction indicator value: **5.5**

Nutrient indicator value: **4.3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.25**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.67**

Disturbance severity: **0.34**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.31**

Mowing frequency: **0.55**

Grazing pressure: **0.16**

Soil disturbance: **0.15**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CM \(MOL\) *Molinio-Arrhenatheretea*](#),
[PA \(SCH\) *Scheuchzerio palustris-Caricetea fuscae*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [Q23 Relict mire of Mediterranean mountains](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [Q23 Relict mire of Mediterranean mountains](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Aquatic, Spring, Wetland, Mire, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline)**

Distribution

Continentality: **6**

Continentality amplitude: **2**