

Tripidium ravennae

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **2.5**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **6.41**

Flower

Flowering period: **June-October**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.3**

Temperature indicator value: **9.3**

Reaction indicator value: **8**

Nutrient indicator value: **6.7**

Salinity indicator value: **2**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.87**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.83**

Disturbance severity: **0.47**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.36**

Mowing frequency: **0.22**

Grazing pressure: **0.21**

Soil disturbance: **0.19**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [FD \(NER\) *Nerio-Tamaricetea*](#), [MF \(JUN\) *Juncetea maritimi*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [N1J Mediterranean and Black Sea moist and wet dune slack](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [N1J Mediterranean and Black Sea moist and wet dune slack](#)

Dominant species of EUNIS habitats: [N1J Mediterranean and Black Sea moist and wet dune slack](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal saltmarsh, Wetland, Saline vegetation, Scrub**