

Salix myrtilloides

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.48**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Phanerophyte, Shrub**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Broad deciduous or semi-deciduous**

Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Winter deciduous**

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **15.29**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.45**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Wet**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Acidic**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7**

Temperature indicator value: **4.1**

Moisture indicator value: **8.8**

Reaction indicator value: **3.5**

Nutrient indicator value: **2**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.69**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.45**

Disturbance severity: **0.32**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.18**

Mowing frequency: **0.16**

Grazing pressure: **0.15**

Soil disturbance: **0.12**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [IB \(FRA\) Franguletea](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [U35 Boreal and Arctic base-rich inland cliff](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: 7

Continentality amplitude: 4