

Laburnum anagyroides

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **6.34**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Phanerophyte, Tree, Shrub**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Broad deciduous or semi-deciduous**

Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Winter deciduous**

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **24.17**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **30.46**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory, Anthropochory**

Dispersal distance class: **4, 7**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **symbiosis with rhizobia**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **6.4**

Temperature indicator value: **6.8**

Moisture indicator value: **4.2**

Reaction indicator value: **7.6**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.03**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.29**
Disturbance severity: **0.69**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.12**
Mowing frequency: **0.01**
Grazing pressure: **0.2**
Soil disturbance: **0.1**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CB \(PUB\) *Quercetea pubescentis*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [T3C *Taxus baccata* forest](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **4**

Continentality amplitude: **2**