

Globularia meridionalis

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.1**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-July**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.81**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Dystrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **9**

Temperature indicator value: **4**

Moisture indicator value: **2**

Reaction indicator value: **9**

Nutrient indicator value: **1**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.1**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.5**

Disturbance severity: **0.34**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.3**

Mowing frequency: **0.08**

Grazing pressure: **0.31**

Soil disturbance: **0.09**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [DA \(FES\) Festuco-Brometea](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R14 Perennial rocky grassland of the Italian Peninsula](#), [R19 Dry steppic submediterranean pasture of the Amphi-Adriatic region](#), [R45 Alpine and subalpine calcareous grassland of the Balkans and Apennines](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R14 Perennial rocky grassland of the Italian Peninsula](#), [R45 Alpine and subalpine calcareous grassland of the Balkans and Apennines](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Alpine-subalpine and arctic grassland, Oromediterranean scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**