

Globularia alypum

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.55**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Phanerophyte, Chamaephyte, Shrub**

Spinescence: **not spinescent**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **6.15**

Flower

Flowering period: **January-March, September-December**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.39**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **9**

Moisture indicator value: **1.7**

Reaction indicator value: **8**

Nutrient indicator value: **3.3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.39**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.51**
Disturbance severity: **0.68**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.25**
Mowing frequency: **0.07**
Grazing pressure: **0.35**
Soil disturbance: **0.15**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [FB \(ROS\) *Ononido-Rosmarinetea*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [S61 Western basiphilous garrigue](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [S61 Western basiphilous garrigue](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**