

Crepis leontodontoides

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.25**

Life span: **Biennial or short-lived, Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-October**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **3**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Slightly saline or brackish**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **8.3**

Moisture indicator value: **4.3**

Reaction indicator value: **5**

Nutrient indicator value: **6**

Salinity indicator value: **0.5**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.1**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.33**

Disturbance severity: **0.68**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.17**

Mowing frequency: **0.03**

Grazing pressure: **0.23**

Soil disturbance: **0.12**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [**FC \(LAV\) Cisto-Lavanduletea
stoechadis**](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [**T1D Southern European mountain Betula and
Populus tremula forest on mineral soils**](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [**T1D Southern European mountain Betula and
Populus tremula forest on mineral soils, T1G Alnus cordata forest**](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Scrub, Forest**