

Campanula erinus

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.15**

Life span: **Annual**

Life form: **Therophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **February-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.01**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **8.8**

Moisture indicator value: **2.3**

Reaction indicator value: **7.7**

Nutrient indicator value: **3.8**

Salinity indicator value: **0.3**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.19**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.62**

Disturbance severity: **0.79**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.7**

Mowing frequency: **0.29**

Grazing pressure: **0.31**

Soil disturbance: **0.35**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [FJ \(TRA\) Stipo-Trachynietea distachyae](#), [KC \(ASP\) Asplenietea trichomanis](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R1F Mediterranean annual-rich dry grassland](#), [S63 Eastern garrigue](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R1F Mediterranean annual-rich dry grassland](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**