

Bromus scoparius

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.23**

Life span: **Annual**

Life form: **Therophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **20.88**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]:

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.3**

Temperature indicator value: **8.5**

Moisture indicator value: **3.7**

Reaction indicator value: **6.3**

Nutrient indicator value: **5.3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.26**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **2.13**

Disturbance severity: **0.76**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.67**

Mowing frequency: **0.48**

Grazing pressure: **0.35**

Soil disturbance: **0.38**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [QC \(CHE\) Chenopodietea](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree), Synanthropic**