

Bassia laniflora

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.28**

Life span: **Annual**

Life form: **Therophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **June-September**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.63**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.7**

Moisture indicator value: **2.2**

Reaction indicator value: **6.5**

Nutrient indicator value: **1.5**

Salinity indicator value: **0.8**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.14**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.85**

Disturbance severity: **0.48**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.44**

Mowing frequency: **0.44**

Grazing pressure: **0.26**

Soil disturbance: **0.37**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CK \(SED\) Sedo-Scleranthetea](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R11 Pannonian and Pontic sandy steppe](#), [S68 Semi-desert sand dune with sparse scrub](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R11 Pannonian and Pontic sandy steppe](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal beach, dune or shingle, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Semi-desert**