Abies cephalonica

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]:
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Phanerophyte, Tree**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Needle-like**
Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Evergreen**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **71.43**
Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**
Dispersal distance class: **4**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**
Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**
Temperature indicator value: **7**
Moisture indicator value: **4**
Reaction indicator value: **6**
Nutrient indicator value: **5**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.1**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.43**
Disturbance severity: **0.68**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.2**
Mowing frequency: **0**
Grazing pressure: **0.24**
Soil disturbance: **0.11**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **CB (PUB) *Quercetea pubescentis***

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **T33 Mediterranean mountain Abies forest**
Dominant species of EUNIS habitats: **T33 Mediterranean mountain Abies forest**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Forest**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz