Sedum rupestre aggr.

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.3**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **17.11**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-August**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.05**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**
Nutrient relationship: **Dystrophic, Oligotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**
Temperature indicator value: **6**
Moisture indicator value: **2**
Reaction indicator value: **5**
Nutrient indicator value: **2**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Habitat and sociology

EUNIS habitat

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **R12 Cryptogam- and annual-dominated vegetation on siliceous rock outcrops**, **R14 Perennial rocky grassland of the Italian Peninsula**, **U3B Mediterranean ultramafic inland cliff**

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **R12 Cryptogam- and annual-dominated vegetation on siliceous rock outcrops**, **R14 Perennial rocky grassland of the Italian Peninsula**, **R19 Dry steppic submediterranean pasture of the Amphi-Adriatic region**, **U23 Temperate, lowland to montane siliceous scree**, **U3B Mediterranean ultramafic inland cliff**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal cliff, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **4**

Continentality amplitude: **4**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz