

Leontodon incanus aggr.

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.26**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **21.47**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **1.1**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.6**

Temperature indicator value: **5.6**

Moisture indicator value: **2.3**

Reaction indicator value: **8.8**

Nutrient indicator value: **1.7**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.53**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.46**

Disturbance severity: **0.47**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.28**

Mowing frequency: **0.1**

Grazing pressure: **0.25**

Soil disturbance: **0.13**

Habitat and sociology

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R16 Perennial rocky grassland of Central and South-Eastern Europe](#), [T36 Temperate and submediterranean montane *Pinus sylvestris*-*Pinus nigra* forest](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [T36 Temperate and submediterranean montane *Pinus sylvestris*-*Pinus nigra* forest](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**