Salvia

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.62**
Life span: **Annual, Biennial or short-lived, Perennial**
Life form: **Phanerophyte, Chamaephyte, Hemicryptophyte, Therophyte, Shrub**
Spinescence: **not spinescent**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Broad deciduous or semi-deciduous**
Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Winter deciduous**
Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **25.37**

Flower

Flowering period: **January-December**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **4.93**

Trophic mode

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native, neophyte**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry, Mesic**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Dystrophic, Oligotrophic, Mesotrophic, Eutrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline, Slightly saline or brackish**

Habitat and sociology

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal beach, dune or shingle, Wetland, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Oromediterranean scrub, Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree), Synanthropic**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz