Hyssopus

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.39**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Sclerophyllous**
Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Evergreen**
Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **20.89**

Flower

Flowering period: **June-October**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.9**
Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal, Anthropochory**
Dispersal distance class: **2, 7**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.3**
Moisture indicator value: **3.4**
Reaction indicator value: **7**
Nutrient indicator value: **2.8**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Disturbance frequency: **1.37**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.78**
Disturbance severity: **0.4**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.38**
Mowing frequency: **0.18**
Grazing pressure: **0.33**
Soil disturbance: **0.2**

Habitat and sociology

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **R15 Continental dry rocky steppic grassland and dwarf scrub on chalk outcrops**
Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **R15 Continental dry rocky steppic grassland and dwarf scrub on chalk outcrops**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **7**
Continentality amplitude: **4**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz