

Takhtajaniantha austriaca

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.24**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-May**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **6.12**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.4**

Temperature indicator value: **6.9**

Moisture indicator value: **3.4**

Reaction indicator value: **8**

Nutrient indicator value: **2**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.01**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.79**

Disturbance severity: **0.44**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.38**

Mowing frequency: **0.28**

Grazing pressure: **0.37**

Soil disturbance: **0.18**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [DA \(FES\) Festuco-Brometea](#), [FP \(ONO\) Festuco hystricis-Ononidetea striatae](#)

EUNIS habitat

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R17 Heavy-metal dry grassland of the Balkans](#), [R19 Dry steppic submediterranean pasture of the Amphi-Adriatic region](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **7**

Continentality amplitude: **6**