Staphylea pinnata

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **3.75**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Phanerophyte, Shrub**

Leaf

Leaf type (woody plants only): **Broad deciduous or semi-deciduous**
Leaf phenology (woody plants only): **Winter deciduous**
Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **31.34**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-May**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **385.93**
Dispersal mode: **Endozoochory**
Dispersal distance class: **6**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **6.6**
Temperature indicator value: **6.6**
Moisture indicator value: **5.1**
Reaction indicator value: **8**
Nutrient indicator value: **4.3**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.03**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.3**
Disturbance severity: **0.7**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.12**
Mowing frequency: **0**
Grazing pressure: **0.18**
Soil disturbance: **0.1**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **CA (FAG) *Carpino-Fagetea sylvaticae***

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Scrub, Forest**

Distribution

Continentality: **6**
Continentality amplitude: **2**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz