

Scrophularia scopolii

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.68**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-July**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.13**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Wet**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **4.8**

Temperature indicator value: **5.7**

Moisture indicator value: **6.6**

Reaction indicator value: **6**

Nutrient indicator value: **6.3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.25**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.29**

Disturbance severity: **0.61**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.27**

Mowing frequency: **0.11**

Grazing pressure: **0.18**

Soil disturbance: **0.14**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CS \(MUL\) *Mulgedio-Aconitetea*](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Alpine-subalpine and arctic grassland, Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree), Synanthropic**