

# *Saxifraga cernua*

## Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.12**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

## Flower

Flowering period: **June-August**

## Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

## Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

## Ecology

### Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

### Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **5**

Temperature indicator value: **2.5**

Moisture indicator value: **5.7**

Nutrient indicator value: **2**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

### Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.62**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.62**

Disturbance severity: **0.2**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.2**

Mowing frequency: **0**

Grazing pressure: **0.14**

Soil disturbance: **0.13**

## Habitat and sociology

### Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [AB \(KOB\) \*Carici rupestris-Kobresietea bellardii\*](#), [AE \(COC\) \*Saxifrago cernuae-Cochlearietea groenlandicae\*](#)

### EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R41 Snow-bed vegetation](#)

### Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal cliff, Spring, Alpine-subalpine and arctic grassland, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**