Salvia austriaca

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.7**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **3.13**
Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**
Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.7**
Temperature indicator value: **7.1**
Moisture indicator value: **3.2**
Reaction indicator value: **7.5**
Nutrient indicator value: **4**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.68**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **2.05**
Disturbance severity: **0.5**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.49**
Mowing frequency: **1.01**
Grazing pressure: **0.38**
Soil disturbance: **0.16**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **DA (FES) *Festuco-Brometea***

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Synanthropic**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz