

Nocca caerulea

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.25**

Life span: **Biennial or short-lived**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **30.3**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.56**

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.9**

Temperature indicator value: **4.1**

Moisture indicator value: **4.8**

Reaction indicator value: **5.1**

Nutrient indicator value: **3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.09**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.95**

Disturbance severity: **0.5**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.45**

Mowing frequency: **0.8**

Grazing pressure: **0.17**

Soil disturbance: **0.3**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [CM \(MOL\) *Molinio-Arrhenatheretea*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R1S Heavy-metal grassland in Western and Central Europe](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R1S Heavy-metal grassland in Western and Central Europe](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline),
Oromediterranean scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **3**

Continentality amplitude: **1**