

Chelidonium majus

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.45**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **43.32**

Flower

Flowering period: **April-October**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.8**

Dispersal mode: **Myrmecochory, Anthropochory**

Dispersal distance class: **3, 7**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **6.3**

Temperature indicator value: **6**

Reaction indicator value: **7.6**

Nutrient indicator value: **8**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.32**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.37**

Disturbance severity: **0.69**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.38**

Mowing frequency: **0.21**

Grazing pressure: **0.19**

Soil disturbance: **0.21**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **CF (ROB) *Robinietea***, **KD (CYM) *Cymbalaria-Parietarietea diffusae***, **QG (EPI) *Epilobietea angustifolii***

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **V39 Mesic perennial anthropogenic herbaceous vegetation**

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **R57 Herbaceous forest clearing vegetation**, **T1H Broadleaved deciduous plantation of non site-native trees**, **V39 Mesic perennial anthropogenic herbaceous vegetation**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Wetland, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree), Synanthropic**

Distribution

Continentality amplitude: 7