

# *Helictochloa bromoides*

## Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.3**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Spinescence: **not spinescent**

## Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm<sup>2</sup>/mg]: **14.12**

## Flower

Flowering period: **April-July**

## Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **2**

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

## Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

## Ecology

### Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

### Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **8**

Moisture indicator value: **3.5**

Reaction indicator value: **7.5**

Nutrient indicator value: **3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

### Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.39**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.53**

Disturbance severity: **0.64**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.28**

Mowing frequency: **0.14**

Grazing pressure: **0.34**

Soil disturbance: **0.17**

## **Habitat and sociology**

### EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [S61 Western basiphilous garrigue](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R18 Perennial rocky calcareous grassland of subatlantic-submediterranean Europe](#), [R1E Mediterranean tall perennial dry grassland](#), [S61 Western basiphilous garrigue](#), [S65 Mediterranean gypsum scrub](#), [T3A Mediterranean lowland to submontane Pinus forest](#)

### Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**