Galium pumilum

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.34**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **46.55**

Flower

Flowering period: **May-August**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.34**
Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**
Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**
Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.2**
Moisture indicator value: **3.8**
Nutrient indicator value: **2.3**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.79**
Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.61**
Disturbance severity: **0.49**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.39**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Mowing frequency: **0.42**
Grazing pressure: **0.26**
Soil disturbance: **0.16**

Habitat and sociology

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **R23 Mountain hay meadow**

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **R1A Semi-dry perennial calcareous grassland (meadow steppe)**, **R23 Mountain hay meadow**, **T34 Temperate subalpine Larix, Pinus cembra and Pinus uncinata forest**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Heathland, Scrub, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality: **4**
Continentality amplitude: **2**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz