

Euphorbia spinosa

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.17**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Chamaephyte**

Flower

Flowering period: **January-May, November-December**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **1.73**

Dispersal mode: **Myrmecochory**

Dispersal distance class: **3**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Dry**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**

Nutrient relationship: **Oligotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8.5**

Temperature indicator value: **6.7**

Moisture indicator value: **2.5**

Reaction indicator value: **7.5**

Nutrient indicator value: **2.5**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.35**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.42**

Disturbance severity: **0.64**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.27**

Mowing frequency: **0.11**

Grazing pressure: **0.29**

Soil disturbance: **0.15**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [DA \(FES\) Festuco-Brometea](#), [KE \(THL\) Thlaspietea rotundifolii](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [R19 Dry steppic submediterranean pasture of the Amphi-Adriatic region](#), [S62 Western acidophilous garrigue](#), [U3B Mediterranean ultramafic inland cliff](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [R19 Dry steppic submediterranean pasture of the Amphi-Adriatic region](#), [S62 Western acidophilous garrigue](#), [U3B Mediterranean ultramafic inland cliff](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Coastal cliff, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Scrub, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**