

Epilobium anagallidifolium

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.27**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm²/mg]: **21.74**

Flower

Flowering period: **June-August**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.06**

Dispersal mode: **Anemochory**

Dispersal distance class: **5**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Wet**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **8**

Temperature indicator value: **2.3**

Moisture indicator value: **7.1**

Reaction indicator value: **5.2**

Nutrient indicator value: **3**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.39**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.53**
Disturbance severity: **0.3**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.28**
Mowing frequency: **0.04**
Grazing pressure: **0.13**
Soil disturbance: **0.15**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [LA \(HER\) *Salicetea herbaceae*](#)

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [U24 Mediterranean siliceous scree](#)

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: [U24 Mediterranean siliceous scree](#)

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Spring, Alpine-subalpine and arctic grassland, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**

Distribution

Continentality amplitude: **6**