Cardamine bulbifera

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.42**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Geophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **41.54**

Flower

Flowering period: **March-June**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **16.37**
Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**
Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **3.3**
Temperature indicator value: **5.2**
Moisture indicator value: **5.3**
Reaction indicator value: **6.8**
Nutrient indicator value: **6**
Salinity indicator value: **0**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **0.02**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.3**
Disturbance severity: **0.7**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.12**
Mowing frequency: **0.01**
Grazing pressure: **0.19**
Soil disturbance: **0.1**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **CA (FAG) *Carpino-Fagetea sylvaticae***

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **T17 Fagus forest on non-acid soils**, **T1F Ravine forest**, **T33 Mediterranean mountain Abies forest**

Constant species of EUNIS habitats: **T17 Fagus forest on non-acid soils**, **T1F Ravine forest**, **T33 Mediterranean mountain Abies forest**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Forest, Synanthropic**

Distribution

Continentality: **5**
Continentality amplitude: **3**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz