Berula erecta

Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.58**
Life span: **Perennial**
Life form: **Hemicryptophyte, Hydrophyte**

Leaf

Specific leaf area [mm^2/mg]: **33.66**

Flower

Flowering period: **May-August**

Fruit, seed and dispersal

Seed mass [mg]: **0.63**
Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**
Dispersal distance class: **2**

Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**
Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**
Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **native**

Ecology

Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Water**
Substrate reaction relationship: **Alkaline**
Nutrient relationship: **Eutrophic**
Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7.3**
Temperature indicator value: **5.5**
Moisture indicator value: **9.9**
Reaction indicator value: **7.5**
Nutrient indicator value: **6.1**
Salinity indicator value: **0.6**

Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.33**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.72**
Disturbance severity: **0.31**
Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.29**
Mowing frequency: **0.2**
Grazing pressure: **0.14**
Soil disturbance: **0.08**

Habitat and sociology

Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: **OD (PHR) *Phragmito-Magnocaricetea***

EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: **Q52 Small-helophyte bed**

Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Aquatic, Wetland**

Distribution

Continentality amplitude: **7**

© 2014–2026 Pladias – Citation: Pladias – Database of the Czech Flora and Vegetation. www.pladias.cz