

# *Alchemilla glomerulans*

## Habitus and growth type

Plant height [m]: **0.27**

Life span: **Perennial**

Life form: **Hemicryptophyte**

## Flower

Flowering period: **June-August**

## Fruit, seed and dispersal

Dispersal mode: **Local non-specific dispersal**

Dispersal distance class: **1**

## Trophic mode

Parasitism and mycoheterotrophy: **autotroph**

Carnivory: **non-carnivorous**

Symbiotic nitrogen fixation: **no nitrogen-fixing symbionts**

## Taxon origin

Origin in Europe: **Native**

## Ecology

### Environmental relationships

Substrate humidity relationship: **Mesic**

Substrate reaction relationship: **Slightly acidic to near-neutral**

Nutrient relationship: **Mesotrophic**

Salinity relationship: **Non-saline**

### Ellenberg-type indicator values

Light indicator value: **7**

Temperature indicator value: **2.7**

Moisture indicator value: **5.3**

Reaction indicator value: **4.7**

Nutrient indicator value: **4.7**

Salinity indicator value: **0**

### Disturbance indicator values

Disturbance frequency: **1.09**

Disturbance frequency (herb layer): **1.71**

Disturbance severity: **0.44**

Disturbance severity (herb layer): **0.32**

Mowing frequency: **0.18**

Grazing pressure: **0.18**

Soil disturbance: **0.15**

## Habitat and sociology

### Syntaxon

Diagnostic species of phytosociological classes: [LA \(HER\) \*Salicetea herbaceae\*](#), [OA \(MON\) \*Montio-Cardaminetea\*](#)

### EUNIS habitat

Diagnostic species of EUNIS habitats: [T1C Temperate and boreal mountain \*Betula\* and \*Populus tremula\* forest on mineral soils](#)

### Broad habitat

Occurrence in broad habitats: **Spring, Grassland (non-alpine, non-saline), Alpine-subalpine and arctic grassland, Forest, Sparsely vegetated (incl. rock and scree)**